

The Bread Sales Act

being

Chapter 155 of *The Revised Statutes of Saskatchewan, 1940*
(effective February 1, 1941).

NOTE:

This consolidation is not official. Amendments have been incorporated for convenience of reference and the original statutes and regulations should be consulted for all purposes of interpretation and application of the law. In order to preserve the integrity of the original statutes and regulations, errors that may have appeared are reproduced in this consolidation.

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CHAPTER 155

An Act respecting the Manufacture and Sale of Bread

Short title

1 This Act may be cited as *The Bread Sales Act*.

1932, c.34, s.1; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.1.

Interpretation

2(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the expression:

“Bakeshop”

1. “**Bakeshop**” means any building or part of a building or any premises, workshop, room or place in which bread, cakes or other similar products are made for sale;

“Sole bread”

2. “**Sole bread**” means bread made on the bottom of the oven or on flat pans or screens, and known as fancy bread.

(2) Where the council is satisfied that any person is making bread, cakes or other similar products for sale in such small quantities as to justify his exemption from the provisions of this Act, the council may, by resolution, so exempt him, and thereupon the provisions of this Act shall cease to apply to such person.

1932, c.34, s.2; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.2.

Appointment of inspector

3 The council of every city, town and village shall, and the council of every rural municipality may, appoint an inspector for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act.

1932, c.34, s.3; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.3.

Licence

4(1) Every person conducting a bakeshop shall do so only under a licence from the municipal council, and in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the regulations of the Department of Public Health respecting bakeshops; and no licence shall be issued until the bread inspector gives a certificate that the provisions of this Act and the said regulations have been fully complied with.

(2) Any licence issued hereunder may be revoked by the council after the licensee has been notified in writing that he:

- (a) has failed to maintain his premises in a sanitary condition; or
- (b) continued to make bread not of the required weight; or
- (c) uses ingredients which are unwholesome and unfit for human food.

(3) The fee for the licence for a bakeshop shall not exceed \$5.

(4) The provisions of subsection (12) of section 463 of *The City Act*, subsection (10) of section 453 of *The Town Act*, subsection (10) of section 282 of *The Village Act* or of section 289 of *The Rural Municipality Act*, shall not apply to licences under this section.

1932, c.34, s.4; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.4.

Weight of bread

5(1) No person shall make bread in a licensed bakeshop except in loaves weighing net weight, unwrapped, twenty ounces or forty ounces or sixty ounces avoirdupois, and except fruit loaves and sole bread which shall weigh not less than sixteen ounces avoirdupois.

(2) Bread made in Saskatchewan shall be of the above weight immediately after being drawn from the oven, or while still in a warm state; bread made elsewhere shall be of the above weight when sold or offered for sale.

1932, c.34, s.5; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.5.

Scales and weights

6 Every person operating a bakeshop shall keep, in a convenient place in the bakeshop, scales and weights suitable for weighing bread. Such scales may be used by an inspector at any time for the purpose of ascertaining the weight of bread, and they shall be kept clean, in good repair and weigh accurately. The inspector may also carry his own scales with which to weigh bread found in any bakeshop.

1932, c.34, s.6; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.6.

Making bread contrary to Act, an offence

7 Every person who makes bread in contravention of the preceding sections, or who neglects to comply with the provisions of section 6, shall be guilty of an offence.

1932, c.34, s.7; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.7.

Interfering with inspector an offence

8 Every person who refuses an inspector admittance to his bakeshop, or who interferes with an inspector in the performance of his duties, shall be guilty of an offence.

1932, c.34, s.8; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.8.

Inspector's powers

9 An inspector may, at any time, weigh any bread, and if, upon weighing the bread, he finds, subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of section 5, that it is of less than the prescribed weight he may seize and remove and dispose of it at his discretion.

1932, c.34, s.9; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.9.

Duties of inspector

10 Every inspector shall see that the provisions of this Act are complied with, and shall upon request make a report to the council showing the prosecutions taken and the quantity of bread seized or tested under this Act.

1932, c.34, s.10; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.10.

When penalty not to be imposed

11 No person shall be liable to the fines prescribed by this Act for making or offering for sale short weight bread, unless the average of any fifteen consecutive loaves in any one baking is less than the prescribed weight, but all short weight loaves may be seized as hereinbefore provided.

1932, c.34, s.11; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.11.

Penalties

12 Every person guilty of an offence under this Act shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$50 for the first offence, and not less than \$10 nor more than \$100 for a subsequent offence.

1932, c.34, s.12; R.S.S. 1940, c.155, s.12.

