The
Registered
Psychiatric Nurses
Act

being


NOTE:
This consolidation is not official. Amendments have been incorporated for convenience of reference and the original statutes and regulations should be consulted for all purposes of interpretation and application of the law. In order to preserve the integrity of the original statutes and regulations, errors that may have appeared are reproduced in this consolidation.
Table of Contents

SHORT TITLE AND INTERPRETATION
1 Short title
2 Interpretation

ASSOCIATION
3 Association continued
4 Membership
5 Property
6 Meetings

COUNCIL
7 Council
8 Certain appointments
9 Resignation
10 Vacancy
11 Officers
12 Employees
13 Committees

BYLAWS
14 Procedure
15 Bylaws
16 Filing

MEMBERSHIP, LICENCES AND REGISTRATION
17 Admissions, licences
18 Register
19 Registration
20 Graduate psychiatric nurse
21 Delegation and appeal

PROHIBITION
22 Prohibited practice

DISCIPLINE
22.1 Interpretation re discipline provisions
22.2 Proceedings against former members
23 Professional conduct committee
24 Investigation
25 Discipline committee
26 Discipline hearing
27 Disciplinary powers
28 Professional misconduct
29 Criminal conviction
30 Duty to report
31 Suspension
32 Appeal to council
33 Appeal to court
34 Court of Appeal
35 Effect of appeal
36 Effect of expulsion
37 Reinstatement

GENERAL
38 Immunity
39 Repealed
40 Offence and penalty
41 Limitation of prosecution
42 Termination of employment
43 Review by Legislative Assembly
44 Revocation and notification
45 Liability protection
46 Reports
47 Other Acts not to prohibit practice
48 Compliance
49 Service of notices

TRANSITIONAL AND REPEAL
50 Transitional
51 R.S.S. 1978, c.P-36 repealed
52 Coming into force
CHAPTER R-13.1
An Act respecting Registered Psychiatric Nurses

SHORT TITLE AND INTERPRETATION

Short title

1 This Act may be cited as The Registered Psychiatric Nurses Act.

Interpretation

2 In this Act:

(a) “association” means the Registered Psychiatric Nurses Association of Saskatchewan continued pursuant to section 3;

(b) “bylaws” means the valid and subsisting bylaws of the association;

(c) “council” means the council of the association;

(d) “court” means the Court of Queen’s Bench, except where otherwise provided for;

(e) “executive director” means the executive director appointed pursuant to section 12;

(f) “graduate psychiatric nurse” means a person registered pursuant to section 20 who is in good standing;

(g) “member” means a member of the association who is in good standing;

(h) “minister” means the member of the Executive Council to whom for the time being the administration of this Act is assigned;

(i) “practising member” means a registered psychiatric nurse to whom an annual licence to practise is issued pursuant to section 19;

(j) “register” means the register kept pursuant to section 18;

(k) “registered psychiatric nurse” means a person registered pursuant to section 19 who is in good standing;

(l) “registrar” means:

(i) the person appointed as registrar pursuant to section 12; or

(ii) in the absence of an appointment, the executive director.

1993, c.R-13.1, s.2; 2018, c 42, s.65.
c. R-13.1 REGISTERED PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

ASSOCIATION

Association continued
3 The Saskatchewan Psychiatric Nurses Association continued pursuant to The Psychiatric Nurses Act is continued as a corporation under the name of the Registered Psychiatric Nurses Association of Saskatchewan.
1993, c.R-13.1, s.3.

Membership
4 The membership of the association consists of:
   (a) those persons who are members of The Saskatchewan Psychiatric Nurses Association on the day before this Act comes into force; and
   (b) those persons who are admitted as members of the association pursuant to this Act and the bylaws.

Property
5(1) The association may acquire, hold, mortgage, lease, sell or dispose of any property.
   (2) All fees, fines and penalties receivable or recoverable pursuant to this Act are the property of the association.
   (3) The association may:
      (a) invest its funds in investments in which trustees are authorized to invest pursuant to The Trustee Act, 2009; and
      (b) sell or otherwise dispose of those investments and reinvest the proceeds of the disposition in similar investments.
1993, c.R-13.1, s.5; 2009, c.T-23.01, s.64.

Meetings
6(1) An annual meeting of the association is to be held at that time and place that is determined by the council in accordance with the bylaws.
   (2) The procedure at an annual or special meeting is to be determined by bylaw.
   (3) A special meeting of the association for the transaction of the business that is specified in the resolution or demand is to be held:
      (a) on resolution of the council; or
      (b) on the demand, in writing, of the number of members specified in the bylaws.
   (4) The executive director shall give notice of an annual or special meeting to each member by ordinary mail sent at least 14 days before the meeting.
COUNCIL

Council
7(1) The council shall govern, manage and regulate the affairs and business of the association.

(2) The council consists of:
   (a) the number of members prescribed in the bylaws, which shall not be less than five, elected by the practising members in accordance with this Act and the bylaws; and
   (b) the person or persons appointed pursuant to section 8.

(3) For the purposes of clause (2)(a), no practising member is eligible to be elected as a member of council unless that practising member resides in Saskatchewan.

(4) Members of council elected pursuant to clause (2)(a) are entitled to remuneration and reimbursement for expenses in the amount prescribed in the bylaws.

(5) Each member of council mentioned in clause (2)(a) holds office for the term prescribed in the bylaws.


Certain appointments
8(1) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may appoint persons who reside in Saskatchewan as members of the council.

(2) The number of persons who may be appointed pursuant to subsection (1) is:
   (a) where the number of elected members of council does not exceed 10, one; and
   (b) where the number of elected members of council exceeds 10, two.

(3) Where the Lieutenant Governor in Council appoints a person as a member of the council, the term of office of that person is not to exceed two years.

(4) Subject to subsection (5), a member of council appointed pursuant to this section holds office until the person’s successor is appointed and is eligible for reappointment, but is not eligible to hold office for more than two consecutive terms.

(5) A member of council appointed pursuant to this section ceases to hold office if the person ceases to be a resident of Saskatchewan.

(6) A member of council appointed pursuant to this section may exercise rights and serve as a member of committees to the same extent as other members of council, but is ineligible to be an officer of the association.

(7) At least one member of council appointed pursuant to this section shall be a member of the discipline committee.
(8) The absence or inability to act as a member of the discipline committee by a member of council appointed pursuant to this section or the failure to appoint a member of council pursuant to this section does not impair the power of the other members of the discipline committee to act.

(9) The minister shall remunerate and reimburse for expenses the members of council appointed pursuant to this section at the rate determined by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.


Resignation

9(1) An elected member of council may resign by giving written notice of his or her resignation to the council.

(2) A member of council appointed pursuant to section 8 may resign by giving written notice of his or her resignation to the minister.

(3) The resignation of a member of council pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) is effective:

   (a) on the date stated in the written notice; or
   (b) if no date is stated in the written notice, on the date the written notice is received by the council or the minister, as the case may be.


Vacancy

10(1) When a vacancy occurs in the elected membership of the council, the remaining members of council may appoint another practising member to fill the vacancy until the earlier of:

   (a) the expiry of the term of office of the council member who ceased to be a member of council; or
   (b) the date on which a practising member is elected to fill the vacancy in accordance with this Act and the bylaws.

(2) A vacancy in the membership of the council does not impair the power of the remaining members of council to act.


Officers

11 The officers of the association are to be those that are:

   (a) designated in the bylaws; and
   (b) appointed or elected in accordance with the bylaws.

1993, c.R-13.1, s.11.
Employees

12(1) The council shall appoint an executive director and may appoint a registrar.

(2) The council may engage any employees that it considers necessary to carry out the duties and functions of the association.

(3) Subject to this Act and the bylaws, the council shall determine the duties, responsibilities and remuneration of employees of the association.


Committees

13(1) The council may establish any committees that are provided for by the bylaws or that it considers necessary.

(2) The council may appoint persons to any committees that are provided for by this Act or the bylaws or that it has established pursuant to subsection (1).

(3) Committee members are eligible to be paid any remuneration that may be prescribed in the bylaws.

(4) The council may delegate to a committee that is:

(a) provided for by this Act or the bylaws; or

(b) established pursuant to subsection (1);

any of its powers or duties, other than the power to make bylaws, on those terms or conditions that the council may determine.

(5) Subject to this Act and the bylaws, a committee may establish its own procedures.


BYLAWS

Procedure

14(1) The council may, with the approval of not less than three-quarters of the members of council, make bylaws for any purpose set out in section 15.

(2) A bylaw made by the council pursuant to subsection (1) has force and effect only until the next annual or special meeting of the association and, unless confirmed or varied by the members in accordance with subsection (3), ceases to have any force or effect after that time.

(3) With the approval of a two-thirds majority of those members who vote at an annual or special meeting, the association may:

(a) make bylaws for any purpose set out in section 15; and

(b) confirm, vary or revoke any bylaw made by the council pursuant to subsection (1).
The variation or revocation of a bylaw pursuant to subsection (3) does not affect the operation or application of the bylaw prior to its revocation or variation, and everything done, omitted to be done or authorized pursuant to the bylaw is valid and effective against all persons notwithstanding the revocation or variation.

The executive director shall forward copies of proposed bylaws to all members by ordinary mail sent at least 14 days before the date of the annual or special meeting at which the bylaws are to be presented.

The executive director shall notify each member, by ordinary mail, of each bylaw made pursuant to subsection (1) or (3) or confirmed, varied or revoked pursuant to subsection (3) within 150 days after the bylaw is made, confirmed, varied or revoked.

Failure to comply with subsection (6) does not invalidate a bylaw.

No bylaw made by the council or the association pursuant to subsection 15(2) comes into force until it is:

(a) approved by the minister pursuant to section 16; and
(b) published in the Gazette.

The council shall file with the Director of Corporations two copies, certified by the executive director to be true copies of:

(a) all bylaws made for a purpose set forth in subsection 15(1); and
(b) all amendments to bylaws described in clause (a);

within 30 days after the bylaws are made.

Where an amendment is filed pursuant to clause (9)(b), the council shall also file two copies, certified by the executive director to be true copies, of the bylaw with the amendment.

In disputes between members, the ruling of the council on the construction and interpretation of the bylaws is final.


Bylaws

Subject to this Act, bylaws may be made pursuant to section 14 for the following purposes:

(a) prescribing the seal of the association;
(b) providing for the execution of documents by the association;
(c) respecting the banking and financial dealings of the association;
(d) fixing the fiscal year of the association and providing for the audit of the accounts and transactions of the association;
(e) respecting the management of the property of the association;
(f) prescribing the number of elected members of council and the terms of office of those members of council;
(g) prescribing the duties of members of council and officers of the association;

(h) prescribing remuneration and reimbursement for expenses for elected members of council and members of committees;

(i) governing the procedure for the election of the members of council mentioned in clause 7(2)(a);

(j) prescribing the organization, powers and procedures of the council and regulating the council in the performance of its duties;

(k) respecting the holding and procedures of meetings of the council and annual or special meetings of the association;

(l) prescribing the amounts of registration, licensing and other fees payable to the association, the times of payment and the penalties for late payment;

(m) providing for the receipt, management and investment of contributions, donations or bequests from members or other persons;

(n) establishing and governing scholarships, bursaries and prizes;

(o) authorizing the association to enter into agreements or arrangements with any person, group, association, organization or body corporate having goals or objectives similar to those of the association;

(p) establishing any committees that the council considers necessary and prescribing the manner of election or appointment of members to those committees;

(q) providing for the establishment of branches and specialized practice groups of the association.

(2) Subject to this Act, bylaws may be made pursuant to section 14 for the following purposes:

(a) prescribing the qualifications, standards and tests of competency and good character for:
   (i) the registration of persons or any category of persons as members; and
   (ii) the issuing of licences;

(b) prescribing:
   (i) the procedures governing registration of persons or any category of persons as members;
   (ii) the procedures governing the issuing of licences;
   (iii) the terms and conditions of licences;

(c) providing for a code of professional ethics;

(d) setting standards of professional conduct, competency and proficiency of members;
(e) setting standards regarding the manner and method of the practice of members;

(f) setting requirements for maintenance of membership;

(g) setting standards for continuing education and the participation of members in continuing education;

(h) prescribing special categories of practice and the requirements for admission to each of those categories;

(i) prescribing procedures for:
   (i) the review, investigation and disposition by the professional conduct committee of complaints alleging that a member is guilty of professional misconduct or professional incompetence;
   (ii) hearings by the discipline committee of complaints alleging that a member is guilty of professional misconduct or professional incompetence;
   (iii) reviews pursuant to subsection 21(3);

(j) governing the reinstatement of a member who has been expelled;

(k) establishing categories of membership in the association and prescribing the rights and privileges of each category;

(l) prescribing the circumstances under which members are required to attend re-entry education programs and courses and approving programs and courses for that purpose;

(m) governing the approval of education programs for purposes of registration pursuant to this Act and prescribing terms and conditions for initial or continued approval of those programs;

(n) governing examinations to be held for the purpose of section 19;

(o) governing persons who practise under temporary licences issued pursuant to section 20;

(p) prescribing the minimum amount of liability protection that members or any category of members is required to obtain;

(q) respecting the reporting and publication of decisions and reports of the council and committees;

(r) regulating advertising by members;

(s) prescribing the number of members required to demand a special meeting of the association;

(t) defining the activities in which a member shall be deemed to have a conflict of interest and prohibiting the participation of a member in any of those activities;

(u) generally, for the better carrying out of this Act.

Filing

16(1) The association shall file with the minister two copies, certified by the executive director to be true copies, of:

(a) all bylaws made for the purposes of subsection 15(2); and

(b) any amendment to a bylaw described in clause (a), together with two certified copies of the bylaw to which the amendment relates.

(2) Where the minister does not advise the association in writing within 90 days of receiving copies of the bylaw or amendment that the minister approves the bylaw or amendment, the bylaw or amendment is deemed not to be approved.

(3) Where the minister approves a bylaw or an amendment to a bylaw, the minister shall file with the Director of Corporations two copies, certified by the executive director to be true copies, of the bylaw or amendment.

(4) Where an amendment to a bylaw is filed pursuant to subsection (3), the minister shall file two copies, certified by the executive director to be true copies, of the bylaw with the amendment.


MEMBERSHIP, LICENCES AND REGISTRATION

Admissions, licences

17(1) The council may, in accordance with this Act and the bylaws, admit persons as members.

(2) The council may issue licences to members.


Register

18(1) The council shall, in accordance with the bylaws, keep or cause to be kept a register in which is to be entered the name and address of every member.

(2) The register is to be kept:

(a) at the head office of the association; and

(b) open for inspection by all persons, without fee, during normal office hours of the association.

(3) A certificate purporting to be signed by the registrar stating that a named person was or was not on a specified day or during a specified period a member, a practising member, a graduate psychiatric nurse, a registered psychiatric nurse or a suspended member according to the register, or an extract from the register that is certified by the registrar, is admissible in evidence as proof, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of its contents without proof of the registrar’s appointment or signature.

c. R-13.1 REGISTERED PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

Registration

19 The council may register as a registered psychiatric nurse, and issue a licence to practise psychiatric nursing to, a person who produces evidence establishing to the satisfaction of the council that the person:

(a) either:

(i) has:

(A) successfully completed the basic psychiatric nursing education program given:

(I) in Saskatchewan and recognized by the council; or

(II) outside Saskatchewan and recognized by the council as being equivalent to a Saskatchewan psychiatric nursing education program; and

(B) passed examinations:

(I) prescribed and conducted pursuant to the bylaws; or

(II) recognized by the council as being equivalent to examinations mentioned in subparagraph (I); or

(ii) is registered as the equivalent of a psychiatric nurse in good standing pursuant to the legislation of another jurisdiction in Canada, or the legislation of a jurisdiction outside of Canada that is recognized by the council;

(b) is of good character; and

(c) has complied with the bylaws with respect to registration.

2010, c.19, s.33.

Graduate psychiatric nurse

20(1) The council may register as a graduate psychiatric nurse, and issue a temporary licence to practise psychiatric nursing to, a person who:

(a) is not qualified or entitled to be registered pursuant to section 19; and

(b) produces evidence establishing to the satisfaction of the council that the person meets the requirements set out in paragraph 19(a)(i)(A) and clauses 19(b) and (c).

(2) A graduate psychiatric nurse shall comply with the bylaws governing graduate psychiatric nurses.

1993, c.R-13.1, s.20; 2010, c.19, s.33.
Delegation and appeal

21(1) The council may delegate to the registrar the power to:

(a) admit persons as members;

(b) issue licences to members; or

(c) do either or both of the things mentioned in clauses (a) and (b);

and when a power has been delegated, the exercise of that power by the registrar is deemed to be an exercise by the council.

(2) The council may impose any terms and conditions that it considers appropriate on a delegation pursuant to subsection (1).

(3) A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the registrar made pursuant to a delegated power may apply to the council to review that decision.

(4) On a review pursuant to subsection (3), the council shall hear the review and may:

(a) direct the registrar to exercise the power in a manner that the council considers appropriate; or

(b) confirm the registrar’s decision.

(5) The council shall cause the applicant to be informed in writing of its decision pursuant to subsection (4).

(6) On a review pursuant to subsection (3), the person aggrieved by the decision of the registrar has the right to appear in person before the council in support of the application.


PROHIBITION

Prohibited practice

22(1) No person other than a practising member shall use the title “psychiatric nurse”, “Registered Psychiatric Nurse”, the abbreviation “PN” or “RPN” or any word, title or designation, abbreviated or otherwise, to imply that the person is a practising member.

(2) No person other than a graduate psychiatric nurse shall use the title “Graduate Psychiatric Nurse”, the abbreviation “GPN” or any word, title or designation, abbreviated or otherwise, to imply that the person is a graduate psychiatric nurse.

c. R-13.1 REGISTERED PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

DISCIPLINE

Interpretation re discipline provisions

22.1 In sections 22.2 to 37, “member” includes a former member.

2010, c.20, s.49.

Proceedings against former members

22.2 (1) No proceedings conducted pursuant to this Act shall be commenced against a former member more than two years after the day he or she became a former member.

(2) For the purposes of this section, a proceeding is commenced when the professional conduct committee, pursuant to subsection 24(1), is requested by the council to consider a complaint or is in receipt of a written complaint alleging that a member is guilty of professional misconduct or professional incompetence.

2010, c.20, s.49.

Professional conduct committee

23(1) The professional conduct committee is established consisting of at least three persons, the majority of whom are to be practising members, appointed by the council.

(2) No member of the discipline committee or the council is eligible to be appointed as a member of the professional conduct committee.

(3) Three members of the professional conduct committee shall constitute a quorum.


Investigation

24(1) Where the professional conduct committee is requested by the council to consider a complaint or is in receipt of a written complaint alleging that a member is guilty of professional misconduct or professional incompetence, the professional conduct committee shall:

(a) review the complaint; and

(b) investigate the complaint by taking any steps it considers necessary, including summoning before it the member whose conduct is the subject of the complaint.

(2) On completion of its investigation, the professional conduct committee shall make a written report to the discipline committee recommending that:

(a) the discipline committee hear and determine the formal complaint set out in the written report; or

(b) no further action be taken with respect to the matter under investigation.

(3) The formal complaint set out in a written report made pursuant to clause (2)(a) may relate to any matter disclosed in the complaint received pursuant to subsection (1) or in the investigation conducted pursuant to subsection (1).
(4) A report signed by a majority of the professional conduct committee is a decision of that committee.

(5) The professional conduct committee shall provide, or cause the executive director to provide, a copy of a written report made pursuant to clause (2)(b) to:

- the council;
- the person, if any, who made the complaint mentioned in subsection (1); and
- the member whose conduct is the subject of the complaint mentioned in subsection (1).


Discipline committee

25(1) The discipline committee is established consisting of at least five persons, the majority of whom are to be practising members, appointed by the council.

(2) No member of the professional conduct committee or elected member of the council is eligible to be appointed as a member of the discipline committee.


Discipline hearing

26(1) Where a report of the professional conduct committee recommends that the discipline committee hear and determine a complaint, the executive director shall, at least two weeks prior to the date the discipline committee is to sit:

- send a copy of the formal complaint to the member whose conduct is the subject of the hearing; and
- serve notice on the member whose conduct is the subject of the hearing of the date, time and place of the hearing.

(2) The professional conduct committee shall prosecute the complaint, but its members shall not participate in any other manner in the hearing of the complaint, except as witnesses when required.

(3) The discipline committee shall hear the complaint and shall decide whether or not the member is guilty of professional misconduct or professional incompetence, notwithstanding that the determination of a question of fact may be involved, and the discipline committee need not refer any question to a court for adjudication.

(4) The discipline committee may accept any evidence that it considers appropriate and is not bound by rules of law concerning evidence.

(5) The discipline committee may employ, at the expense of the association, any legal or other assistance that it considers necessary, and the member whose conduct is the subject of the hearing may be represented by counsel at the member’s own expense.

(6) The testimony of witnesses is to be under oath administered by the chair-person of the discipline committee.
(7) At a hearing by the discipline committee, there is to be full right:
   (a) to examine, cross-examine and re-examine all witnesses; and
   (b) to adduce evidence in defence and reply.

(8) On the application of the member whose conduct is the subject of a hearing or a member of the discipline committee, the local registrar of the court at any judicial centre, on payment of the appropriate fees, shall issue writs of *subpoena ad testificandum* or *subpoena duces tecum* and, where a writ is disobeyed, the proceedings and penalties are those applicable in civil cases in the court.

(9) Where the member whose conduct is the subject of the hearing fails to attend the hearing, the discipline committee, on proof of service of the notice mentioned in subsection (1), may proceed with the hearing in his or her absence.

(10) If, during the course of a hearing, the evidence shows that the member whose conduct is the subject of the hearing may be guilty of a charge different from or in addition to any charge specified in the formal complaint, the discipline committee shall:
   (a) notify the member of that fact; and
   (b) if the discipline committee proposes to amend, add to or substitute the charge in the formal complaint and unless the member otherwise consents, adjourn the hearing for any period that the discipline committee considers sufficient to give the member an opportunity to prepare a defence to the amended formal complaint.

(11) Subject to subsection (12), the person, if any, who made the complaint pursuant to section 24:
   (a) shall be advised by the executive director of the time and place of the hearing; and
   (b) is entitled to attend the hearing.

(12) The discipline committee may exclude from any part of the hearing the person who made the complaint when the committee is of the opinion that evidence brought in the presence of that person will unduly violate the privacy of a person other than the member.


**Disciplinary powers**

27(1) Where the discipline committee finds a member guilty of professional incompetence or professional misconduct, it may make one or more of the following orders:
   (a) an order that the member be expelled from the association and that the member’s name be struck from the register;
c. R-13.1 REGISTERED PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

(b) an order that the member be suspended from the association for a specified period of time;
(c) an order that the member be suspended pending the satisfaction and completion of any conditions specified in the order;
(d) an order that the member may continue to practise only under conditions specified in the order, which may include, but are not restricted to, an order that the member:
   (i) not do specified types of work;
   (ii) successfully complete specified classes or courses of instruction;
   (iii) obtain treatment, counselling or both;
(e) an order that reprimands the member; or
(f) any other order that the discipline committee considers to be just.

(2) In addition to any order made pursuant to subsection (1), the discipline committee may order:

(a) that the member pay to the association within a fixed period:
   (i) a fine in a specified amount not to exceed $2,000; and
   (ii) the costs of the investigation and hearing into the member’s conduct and related costs, including the expenses of the professional conduct committee and the discipline committee and the costs of legal services and witnesses; and
(b) where a member fails to make payment in accordance with an order pursuant to clause (a), that the member be suspended from the association.

(3) The discipline committee shall send a copy of an order made pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) to the member whose conduct is the subject of the order and to the person, if any, who made the complaint.

(4) Where a member is expelled or suspended from the association, the registrar shall strike the name of the member from the register or indicate the suspension on the register, as the case may be.

(5) The discipline committee may inform a member’s employer of the order made against that member where that member has been found guilty of professional misconduct or professional incompetence.

1993, c.R-13.1, s.27.

Professional misconduct

28(1) Professional misconduct is a question of fact, but any matter, conduct or thing, whether or not disgraceful or dishonourable, that:

(a) is harmful to the best interests of the public or the members of the association;
(b) tends to harm the standing of the profession;
(c) is a breach of this Act or the bylaws; or

(d) is a failure to comply with an order of the professional conduct committee, the discipline committee or the council;

is professional misconduct within the meaning of this Act.

(2) Professional incompetence is a question of fact, but the display by a member of:

(a) a lack of knowledge, skill or judgment; or

(b) a disregard for the welfare of members of the public served by the profession;

of a nature or to an extent that demonstrates that the member is unfit to continue in the practice of the profession is professional incompetence within the meaning of this Act.

1993, c.R-13.1, s.28; 2015, c.21, s.42.

Criminal conviction

The discipline committee may, by order, expel the member from the association where:

(a) a member has been convicted of an indictable offence pursuant to the Criminal Code;

(b) a report of the professional conduct committee is made to the discipline committee respecting the conviction mentioned in clause (a);

(c) the discipline committee has given the member mentioned in clause (a) an opportunity to be heard; and

(d) the discipline committee finds that the conduct of the member giving rise to the conviction makes the member unfit to continue to be a member.


Duty to report

Where the professional conduct committee in its investigation pursuant to subsection 24(1) or the discipline committee at the conclusion of its hearing pursuant to section 26 believes that the member whose conduct is the subject of the investigation or hearing may be guilty of a criminal offence, the committee may immediately discontinue its investigation or hearing, as the case may be, and shall make a report of its findings to:

(a) the president of the association; and

(b) the Deputy Minister of Justice.

Suspension

31 A judge of the court, on the application of the council, may direct that a member be suspended pending the disposition of the criminal charge where:

(a) a criminal charge is laid against the member; and

(b) the member has applied to the court for a stay of any disciplinary proceedings against the member.


Appeal to council

32(1) A member who has been found guilty by the discipline committee pursuant to section 26 or who has been expelled pursuant to section 29 may appeal the decision or any order of the discipline committee within 30 days of the decision or order to the council by serving the executive director with a copy of the notice of appeal.

(2) An appellant shall set out the grounds of appeal in a notice of appeal mentioned in subsection (1).

(3) On receipt of a notice of appeal, the executive director shall file with the council a true copy of:

(a) the formal complaint and notice served pursuant to subsection 26(1) or the report of the professional conduct committee pursuant to section 29;

(b) the transcript of the evidence presented to the discipline committee; and

(c) the decision and order of the discipline committee.

(4) The appellant or the appellant’s solicitor or agent may obtain from the executive director a copy of the documents filed pursuant to subsection (3) on payment of the costs of producing them.

(5) In hearing an appeal, the council shall:

(a) dismiss the appeal;

(b) quash the finding of guilty;

(c) direct a new hearing or further inquiries by the discipline committee;

(d) vary the order of the discipline committee; or

(e) substitute its own decision for the decision of the discipline committee;

and may make any order as to costs that the council considers appropriate.

(6) A decision of the majority of the council pursuant to subsection (5) is a decision of the council.

c. R-13.1  REGISTERED PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

Appeal to court
   33  A member whose conduct is the subject of an order of the council pursuant to section 32 may appeal that order to a judge of the court within 30 days of the order of the council, and section 32 applies with any necessary modification.


Court of Appeal
   34  The association or a member who appeals pursuant to section 33 may appeal a decision of a judge of the court on a question of law within 30 days of the decision to the Court of Appeal for Saskatchewan.

   1993, c.R-13.1, s.34.

Effect of appeal
   35  The commencement of an appeal pursuant to section 32 or 33 does not stay the effect of a decision or order of the discipline committee or the council, but, on five days' notice to the executive director the appellant may apply to the court for a stay of proceedings pending the disposition of the appeal.

   1993, c.R-13.1, s.35.

Effect of expulsion
   36  Where a member is expelled or suspended from the association pursuant to this Act, the member's rights and privileges as a member are removed for the period during which the member is expelled or suspended.


Reinstatement
   37(1)  A person who has been expelled as a member may apply to the council for reinstatement.

   (2)  Subject to the bylaws, on receipt of an application pursuant to subsection (1), the council shall:

          (a)  review the application; and
          (b)  investigate the application by taking any steps it considers necessary.

   (3)  On the completion of its investigation, the council may:

          (a)  where it is satisfied that the person's subsequent conduct and any other facts warrant reinstatement, order that the person be reinstated as a member on any terms and conditions that the council considers appropriate; or
          (b)  by order refuse to reinstate the person.

   (4)  A decision of the majority of the members of the council is a decision of the council.

   (5)  Where, on an application pursuant to subsection (1), the council refuses to reinstate the person as a member, the applicant may, within 30 days after the date of the order, appeal the order of the council to a judge of the court, and the judge may allow or disallow the appeal.
(6) On an appeal pursuant to subsection (5), the judge shall consider:
   (a) the proceedings before the council on the application for reinstatement;
   (b) the past record of the appellant as shown by the books and records of the
        association; and
   (c) the evidence taken before council and any committee that dealt with the
        expulsion and application for reinstatement and the report of that committee.

(7) A person whose application for reinstatement is refused or whose appeal of a
    refusal is dismissed may make another application for reinstatement, based on new
    information, at any time.


GENERAL

Immunity

38 No action lies or shall be instituted against:
   (a) members of the council;
   (b) the discipline committee;
   (c) the professional conduct committee;
   (d) any member of any committee; or
   (e) any officer, employee or agent;

of the association for any loss or damage suffered by a person by reason of anything
in good faith done, caused, permitted or authorized to be done, attempted to be done
or omitted to be done by any of them pursuant to or in the exercise of or supposed
exercise of any power conferred by this Act or the bylaws or in the carrying out or
supposed carrying out of any decision or order made pursuant to this Act or the
bylaws or any duty imposed by this Act or the bylaws.


Offence and penalty

40 Every person who contravenes section 22 is guilty of an offence and liable on
    summary conviction to a fine of:
    (a) for a first offence, not more than $2,000;
    (b) for a second offence, not more than $4,000; and
    (c) for each subsequent offence, not more than $6,000 or to imprisonment for
        a term of not more than six months, or to both that fine and imprisonment.

c. R-13.1 REGISTERED PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

Limitation of prosecution
41 No prosecution for a contravention of section 22 is to be commenced:
   (a) after the expiration of 24 months from the date of the alleged offence; and
   (b) without the consent of the Minister of Justice or the council.

Termination of employment
42 Any employer who terminates for cause the employment of a member shall report the termination to the association where the employer reasonably believes the cause is professional incompetence or professional misconduct.

Review by Legislative Assembly
43(1) One copy of all bylaws and amendments filed with the Director of Corporations pursuant to section 14 or 16 is to be laid before the Legislative Assembly by the minister responsible for the administration of The Business Corporations Act in accordance with section 13 of The Executive Government Administration Act.
   (2) Where any bylaw or amendment laid before the Legislative Assembly is found by the Assembly to be beyond the powers delegated by the Legislature or in any way prejudicial to the public interest, the bylaw or amendment ceases to have any effect and is deemed to have been revoked.

Revocation and notification
44(1) Where it appears from any Votes and Proceedings of the Legislative Assembly that any bylaw or amendment has ceased to have effect, the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly shall immediately forward two copies of the Votes and Proceedings to the Director of Corporations and at the same time advise him or her that the copies are forwarded pursuant to this subsection.
   (2) On receipt of the copies mentioned in subsection (1), the Director of Corporations shall file one of the copies with the bylaw or amendment to which it relates and immediately forward the other copy to the association and at the same time advise the association that the copy is forwarded pursuant to this subsection.

Liability protection
45(1) The association may enter into a contract of insurance pursuant to which members or any category of members is insured with respect to professional liability claims.
   (2) The association is deemed to be an agent for the members or category of members for the purpose of entering into a contract of insurance pursuant to subsection (1).
   (3) Every member shall obtain and maintain the minimum amount of liability protection that is prescribed in the bylaws.
Reports
46(1) The association shall file an annual report with the minister in the form, with the contents and in the time prescribed by the minister.

(2) On or before February 1 in each year, the association shall file with the Director of Corporations and the minister a list, to be called the annual register, certified by the executive director to be a true list, showing:

(a) the names of all members of the association as at December 31 in the preceding year;
(b) the addresses of the members mentioned in clause (a) as shown by the records of the association; and
(c) the respective dates of admission to membership in the association of the members mentioned in clause (a).


Other Acts not to prohibit practice
47 No provision of any other Act shall be construed as preventing a member from practising as a graduate psychiatric nurse or a registered psychiatric nurse for gain or reward.


Compliance
48 Every member shall comply with this Act and the bylaws.


Service of notices
49(1) Any notice or other document that is required to be served pursuant to this Act may, unless otherwise provided for in this Act, be served by:

(a) personal service made:
   (i) in the case of an individual, on that individual;
   (ii) in the case of a partnership, on any partner; or
   (iii) in the case of a corporation, on any officer or director;
(b) registered mail addressed to the last business or residential address of the person to be served known to the executive director.

(2) A notice or document sent by registered mail is deemed to have been served on the seventh day following the date of its mailing, unless the person to whom it was mailed establishes that, through no fault of that person, the person did not receive the notice or document or received it at a later date.

c. R-13.1  REGISTERED PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

TRANSITIONAL AND REPEAL

Transitional

50(1) A person who is a member of council pursuant to The Psychiatric Nurses Act, as that Act existed on the day before the coming into force of this Act, continues as a member of council until members of council are elected or appointed in accordance with this Act or that member of council resigns, dies or is removed in accordance with this Act, whichever occurs first.

(2) Bylaws of the association made pursuant to The Psychiatric Nurses Act, as that Act existed on the day before the coming into force of this Act, and that are effective on the day before the coming into force of this Act continue in force as bylaws until amended or revoked pursuant to this Act.


R.S.S. 1978, c.P-36 repealed

51 The Psychiatric Nurses Act is repealed.


Coming into force

52 This Act or any provision of this Act comes into force on a day or days to be fixed by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor.