

Chapter 2

Chronology of Events and Persons Referenced in Report

Events Prior to Trial

Oct-21-1968	Fisher Victim 1 (FV1) is sexually assaulted by Larry Fisher near 18th Street between Avenues G and H in Saskatoon.
Nov-13-1968	Fisher Victim 2 (FV2) is sexually assaulted by Larry Fisher near 18th Street between Avenues E and F in Saskatoon.
Nov-29-1968	Fisher Victim 3 (FV3) is sexually assaulted by Larry Fisher near Wiggins Avenue and Temperance Street in Saskatoon.
Dec-14-1968	Saskatoon Police issue a warning in the Saskatoon StarPhoenix advising of the assaults and telling women not to talk to strangers or walk in dark areas of the city. The Saskatoon Police believe the three assaults were committed by the same assailant but they do not have any suspects. Larry Fisher had no prior record and was not known to the Saskatoon Police at the time. He was not a suspect in the initial investigation of the assaults.

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- Jan-31-1969 David Milgaard, Ron Wilson and Nichol John travel from Regina to Saskatoon and arrive in the early morning at approximately 6:30 a.m., looking for the home of Albert Cadrain. They become lost, get stuck twice and eventually arrive at Albert Cadrain's home at 334 Avenue O South at approximately 9:00 a.m. Larry Fisher and his wife Linda Fisher reside in the basement of the Cadrain house. David Milgaard and his friends leave later that day for Calgary and are joined on the trip by Albert Cadrain.
- Jan-31-1969 Gail Miller leaves her house at 130 Avenue O South shortly after 6:45 a.m. to catch a bus to work. She usually catches the bus at the corner of 20th Street and Avenue O. She is sexually assaulted and murdered. Her body is discovered in an alley about a block south of her residence at around 8:30 a.m.
- Jan-31-1969 Victim 12 (V12) is indecently assaulted by an unknown assailant on Avenue H between 20th Street and 21st Street in Saskatoon, approximately seven blocks from where Gail Miller's body was found. She reports to Saskatoon Police that the assault occurred at 7:07 a.m.
- Feb-03-1969 As part of a general canvass of people in the neighbourhood, Larry Fisher is questioned by police while waiting for his bus. He is not questioned as a suspect but rather to determine whether he saw anything unusual on the morning of Gail Miller's murder. He tells police that on January 31, 1969 he caught the bus to work at 6:30 a.m. at Avenue O and 20th Street and saw nothing unusual. Police note that he works at Masonry Contractors, wears a yellow hard hat, and lives at 334 Avenue O South.
- February 1969 The Saskatoon Police investigate the possibility that Gail Miller's assailant is the same person who committed the earlier sexual assaults. Between January 31, 1969 and March 2, 1969, Saskatoon Police investigate and eliminate over 160 people as potential suspects in Gail Miller's murder.
- Mar-02-1969 Albert Cadrain voluntarily contacts Saskatoon Police to report suspicious behavior by David Milgaard on the morning of Gail Miller's murder. He tells police that he saw blood on David Milgaard's clothing on the morning of January 31, 1969 and that he thinks David Milgaard may have killed Gail Miller. David Milgaard was not a suspect nor was he known to the Saskatoon Police prior to Albert Cadrain contacting the Saskatoon Police.
- Mar-03-1969 David Milgaard is apprehended in Winnipeg and questioned by Saskatoon Police and the RCMP. He answers questions regarding his activities on the morning of January 31, 1969 and police search his hotel room and belongings.
- Mar-03-1969 Ron Wilson is interviewed by the RCMP in Regina. He denies any knowledge of Gail Miller's murder and indicates that he was not separated from David Milgaard on the morning of the murder for any more than two minutes.
- Mar-11-1969 Nichol John is interviewed by the RCMP in Regina. She indicates that at no point during the morning of January 31, 1969 was she separated from David Milgaard or Ron Wilson for more than one or two minutes.

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Mar-18-1969	Ron Wilson, Nichol John and Albert Cadrain are interviewed again by Saskatoon Police. No new information is provided.
Apr-04-1969	Gail Miller's wallet is found in the snow in the 300 block of Avenue O South, a few houses north of the Cadrain residence.
Apr-18-1969	David Milgaard is questioned by police and provides blood, hair and saliva samples. He denies any involvement in the murder of Gail Miller.
May-1969	David Milgaard is partying with Craig Melnyk, Ute Frank, Deborah Hall, George Lapchuk, Bob Harris and perhaps others in a Regina motel room and is heavily under the influence of drugs. After a television news story about the Gail Miller murder, he is teased about being a suspect and he responds by stabbing a pillow with his hand and uttering words to the effect that he stabbed and killed Gail Miller. The Saskatoon Police do not become aware of this incident until the eve of David Milgaard's trial.
May-16-1969	Saskatoon Police and RCMP meet and agree that David Milgaard is a prime suspect and further effort should be made to eliminate or implicate him in the offence. Arrangements are made to have Ron Wilson and Nichol John undergo a polygraph test with Inspector Art Roberts of the Calgary Police Service.
May-21 and 22-1969	Ron Wilson and Nichol John are interviewed by the Saskatoon Police and brought to Saskatoon to be polygraphed by Inspector Roberts.
May-23-1969	Inspector Roberts interviews Ron Wilson and performs a polygraph. After the polygraph, Ron Wilson provides new and significant incriminating evidence against David Milgaard, including an alleged admission. Inspector Roberts interviews Nichol John but does not perform a polygraph. After being questioned by Inspector Roberts, Nichol John reports to him that she now remembers seeing the murder. The next day, Nichol John provides a statement to police claiming she witnessed David Milgaard stab Gail Miller.
May-30-1969	David Milgaard is arrested for the murder of Gail Miller.

Trial and Appeal Proceedings

Aug-18-1969	David Milgaard's preliminary hearing commences.
Sep-11-1969	David Milgaard is committed to stand trial.
Jan-18-1970	While being transported to Saskatoon to testify at David Milgaard's trial, Ron Wilson tells the Saskatoon Police about the Regina motel room incident. Ron Wilson was not present but was told by Craig Melynck and George Lapchuk that David Milgaard had re-enacted and admitted killing Gail Miller. They later testify at David Milgaard's trial.
Jan-19-1970	Saskatoon Police interview and obtain statements from Craig Melnyk, George Lapchuk and Ute Frank regarding the motel room incident.

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Jan-19-1970	David Milgaard's trial commences before Chief Justice Bence and a jury.
Jan-21-1970	Nichol John testifies at David Milgaard's trial, but she does not say that she witnessed David Milgaard stab Gail Miller as she claimed in her May 24, 1969 statement to Saskatoon Police. The prosecutor is allowed to read the statement to the jury as part of his examination of Nichol John.
Jan-29-1970	The prosecution completes its case. David Milgaard elects not to testify nor to call any evidence.
Jan-31-1970	David Milgaard is found guilty of the murder of Gail Miller.
Feb-21-1970	Fisher Victim 4 (FV4) is sexually assaulted by Larry Fisher in the 200 block of Avenue V South in Saskatoon.
Jul-1970	Larry Fisher goes to Fort Garry, Manitoba to work on a construction project.
Aug-02-1970	Fisher Victim 5 (FV5) is sexually assaulted by Larry Fisher in Fort Garry, Manitoba.
Sep-19-1970	Larry Fisher is arrested while sexually assaulting Fisher Victim 6 (FV6) in Fort Garry, Manitoba. He confesses to the sexual assaults of FV5 and FV6.
Oct-21-1970	Larry Fisher tells the Fort Garry police that he committed two earlier sexual assaults in Saskatoon.
Oct-22-1970	Det. Eddie Karst of the Saskatoon Police travels to Winnipeg and interviews Larry Fisher. Larry Fisher admits to the sexual assault of FV4 and the indecent assault of FV3 in Saskatoon. He does not admit to the sexual assaults of FV1 and FV2.
Nov-06-1970	David Milgaard's appeal is heard by the Saskatchewan Court of Appeal.
Dec-30-1970	Larry Fisher is charged with the rapes of FV1, FV2 and FV4 and the indecent assault of FV3 in Saskatoon.
Jan-05-1971	David Milgaard's appeal is dismissed by the Saskatchewan Court of Appeal.
May-28-1971	Larry Fisher pleads guilty in Winnipeg and is convicted of the rapes of FV5 and FV6.
Nov-15-1971	The Supreme Court of Canada denies David Milgaard's application for leave to appeal.
Dec-21-1971	Larry Fisher pleads guilty in Regina Court of Queen's Bench to three charges of rape (FV1, FV2 and FV4) and one charge of indecent assault (FV3) relating to his 1968 and 1970 attacks on women in Saskatoon.

Post Conviction Events

Jan-26-1980	Larry Fisher is released from the penitentiary in Prince Albert on mandatory supervision.
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Mar-31-1980	Larry Fisher sexually assaults and attempts to murder Fisher Victim 7 (FV7) in North Battleford.
Apr-3-1980	Larry Fisher is charged with the rape and attempted murder of FV7.
Aug-22-1980	David Milgaard escapes from Stony Mountain Institution and remains at large until November 8, 1980 when he is shot and recaptured by the RCMP.
Aug-28-1980	Linda Fisher (Larry's ex-wife) voluntarily attends at the Saskatoon Police station and provides a written statement to the Saskatoon Police saying that she believes Larry Fisher may have killed Gail Miller. The Saskatoon Police do not follow up on the statement.
Dec-23-1980	The Milgaard family issues a news release and distributes a reward poster to residents of Saskatoon offering \$10,000 to any person able to provide information that will exonerate David Milgaard.
Dec-24-1980	Joyce Milgaard retains Saskatoon lawyer Gary Young.
Apr-28-1981	Joyce Milgaard retains Regina lawyer Tony Merchant.
Jun-11-1981	Larry Fisher is convicted of the attempted murder and rape of FV7.
1981-1983	Joyce Milgaard and supporters interview the key trial witnesses along with defence and prosecution counsel.
Mar-1983	The Milgaards learn from Cadrain family members that at the time of Gail Miller's murder, Larry Fisher lived in the basement of the Cadrain home at 334 Avenue O South and that he was later convicted of rape.
Mar-26-1983	The Milgaards place an advertisement in the Saskatoon StarPhoenix in an attempt to locate Linda Fisher. Both she and her common-law husband reply to the advertisement but neither are contacted by the Milgaards.

Conviction Review Proceedings

Jan-16-1986	Joyce Milgaard retains Winnipeg lawyer Hersh Wolch.
Nov-23-1986	Deborah Hall, one of the individuals present during the motel room incident in May, 1969, swears an affidavit in which she states that Craig Melnyk and George Lapchuk both lied at trial when they said David Milgaard re-enacted and admitted murdering Gail Miller.
Nov-26-1986	David Milgaard swears an affidavit in which he denies re-enacting the murder in a motel room in May, 1969, and asserts his innocence.
Sep-13-1988	Dr. Ferris provides a report to David Milgaard's legal counsel concluding, on the assumption that David Milgaard is a non-secretor of A antigens, that the serological evidence (in relation to semen found near Gail Miller's body) presented at his trial excluded him as the perpetrator of the murder. He also reports that his attempts to obtain sufficient DNA from Gail Miller's clothing to carry out a genetic typing analysis were unsatisfactory.

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Dec-28-1988	David Milgaard applies to the federal Minister of Justice for review of his conviction pursuant to s. 690 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> . David Milgaard alleges that the scientific evidence used to convict him at trial was exculpatory, and that the evidence regarding the motel room incident was fabricated.
May-8-1989	Hersh Wolch forwards to the federal Minister of Justice additional documentation required to complete David Milgaard's s. 690 application for mercy.
Aug-8-1989	Patricia Alain, Chief of Serology with the RCMP laboratory reviews Dr. Ferris' report and advises federal Justice lawyer Eugene Williams that (1) due to the possibility of contamination, there is no conclusive proof that the donor of semen found at the murder scene was an "A" secretor, and (2) more importantly, the assumption in Dr. Ferris' report that David Milgaard is a non-secretor, based on tests conducted in 1969, is questionable. A new test would have to be conducted to determine the actual secretor status of David Milgaard.
Nov-6-1989	Eugene Williams questions Deborah Hall under oath on her sworn affidavit and her recollections of the May 1969 motel room incident. She contradicts her affidavit and confirms that David Milgaard did re-enact the murder and utter words to the effect that he had stabbed and killed Gail Miller but she thought he was joking.
Nov-7-1989	Eugene Williams questions Nichol John about the events of January 31, 1969 and her May 24, 1969 statement to police. Her recollection of events is poor but she is able to draw a map of the crime scene. During the interview she reports having a flashback of a man stabbing a woman.
Feb-26-1990	Hersh Wolch receives an anonymous tip that Larry Fisher committed the murder of Gail Miller. This information is passed on to federal Justice lawyers who engage the RCMP to investigate Larry Fisher as a suspect in Gail Miller's murder. The RCMP do not find any evidence to link Larry Fisher to Gail Miller's murder.
Jun-4-1990	Dr. Markesteyn, chief Medical Examiner of the Department of Justice in Manitoba, provides a report to David Milgaard's legal counsel concluding (on the assumption David Milgaard is a non-secretor and the semen sample is uncontaminated) that the serological evidence presented at trial failed to link him to the murder. No steps are taken to verify David Milgaard's status until February 1992 when it is determined that he is a secretor. Dr. Markesteyn also suggests in his report that the semen found in the snow at the crime scene could have been dog urine and that tests should have been done to exclude this possibility. It is incorrectly reported in several media stories that the evidence used to convict David Milgaard was dog urine. Eugene Williams investigates and learns that appropriate tests were done in 1969 to confirm that the semen was of human origin.

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Jun-4-1990	Ron Wilson provides a statement to Milgaard investigator Paul Henderson recanting his trial testimony, stating that he was coerced by police and that he believes David Milgaard is innocent. The statement is first given to the media and then provided to Eugene Williams. Eugene Williams reviews the statement, interviews Ron Wilson, and concludes that little weight should attach to the recantation.
Jun-15-1990	Eugene Williams interviews Albert Cadrain who says that although he was distressed by repeated police questioning, he told the truth at David Milgaard's trial. On June 24, 1990, Milgaard investigator Paul Henderson obtains a statement from Albert Cadrain who does not recant his trial testimony but says he was abused by police who put him through "mental hell and torture". The statement is widely reported in the media and provided to Eugene Williams. Eugene Williams follows up with interviews of Albert's siblings and other witnesses, and concludes there is no merit to the allegations of police abuse.
Jul-9-1990	A polygraph examination is conducted on Larry Fisher, but due to his mental and physical state the test is inconclusive. Eugene Williams interviews Larry Fisher on July 12, 1990. While he acknowledges using a paring knife in some of his sexual assaults, he denies any involvement in the murder of Gail Miller.
Oct-1-1990	Legal counsel for David Milgaard and for the federal Department of Justice meet in Ottawa to discuss the grounds advanced in support of David Milgaard's s. 690 application. Documents including transcripts, reports and portions of the police and prosecutor's file are provided to David Milgaard's legal counsel.
Nov-14-1990	The Honourable William R. McIntyre, Q.C., former member of the Supreme Court of Canada, is retained by the Department of Justice to review the case in detail, and to provide advice to the federal Minister on David Milgaard's application for mercy. Justice McIntyre provides his advice to the federal Minister on February 7, 1991. Neither the advice he provides nor the information on which it is based, are disclosed to David Milgaard's legal counsel.
Feb-27-1991	The federal Minister of Justice dismisses David Milgaard's first s. 690 application.
Aug-14-1991	David Milgaard files a second s. 690 application, focusing on Larry Fisher. The application is based on interviews with Larry Fisher's victims and includes a statement from Gail Miller's family indicating that in light of new evidence presented to them by Centurion Ministries, Inc. they feel there is reasonable doubt as to the guilt of David Milgaard.
Aug-16-1991	After a press conference held by Jim McCloskey of Centurion Ministries, Inc., allegations that David Milgaard was framed by the Saskatoon Police and that Larry Fisher's convictions were deliberately covered-up, are widely reported in the media.

- Aug-29-1991 After seeing a picture of Larry Fisher in an August 11, 1991 newspaper article, V12 asserts that Larry Fisher is the man who indecently assaulted her on January 31, 1969. Her written statement is provided to David Milgaard's legal counsel and to the federal Department of Justice.
- Aug-29-1991 An article appears in the Globe and Mail alleging that Saskatoon Police files involving convicted rapist Larry Fisher have recently disappeared, and that an internal investigation is under way. The Saskatchewan Police Commission inquires into the allegations and concludes in its November 29, 1991 report that there is no evidence of tampering with police files, and no merit to the allegation that someone in the Saskatoon Police department tried to conceal the existence of Larry Fisher and his convictions for sexually assaulting four Saskatoon women.
- Nov-28-1991 The federal Minister of Justice refers David Milgaard's case to the Supreme Court of Canada for a hearing. David Milgaard, the Attorney General of Saskatchewan and the Attorney General of Canada are granted status as parties before the Court. Prior to the commencement of hearings, Larry Fisher is also granted standing.
- Jan-16-1992 The Supreme Court of Canada Reference Case begins and David Milgaard is the first witness. The Court also hears evidence from Larry Fisher, the key witnesses at David Milgaard's trial, and police witnesses.
- Apr-06-1992 The Supreme Court of Canada Reference Case concludes.
- Apr-14-1992 The Supreme Court of Canada concludes that David Milgaard failed to establish his innocence. However, they find that new evidence placed before them could reasonably be expected to have affected the verdict, and recommend to the federal Minister that she set aside the conviction and direct that a new trial be held. On the same day, the federal Minister directs the holding of a new trial pursuant to s. 690(a) of the *Criminal Code*.
- Apr-16-1992 David Milgaard is released from jail. He is charged with second degree murder but a new trial is not held. Instead, the Crown enters a stay of proceedings pursuant to s. 579 of the *Criminal Code*. The Attorney General of Saskatchewan states that the provincial government will not order an inquiry or compensate David Milgaard.

Post Release Events

- Sep-19-1992 Joyce Milgaard, David Milgaard and Hersh Wolch hold a news conference alleging wrongdoing and a cover-up by police, Saskatchewan Justice officials, and then Premier Roy Romanow in the handling of David Milgaard's case.

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Oct-09-1992	The Saskatchewan Deputy Minister of Justice refers allegations of wrongdoing in the handling of David Milgaard's case to the RCMP for investigation (Project Flicker). The Deputy Attorney General of Alberta is asked to direct the RCMP investigation and make any charging decisions. Over the next two years, a team of 10 RCMP officers conduct an extensive investigation into 68 allegations of wrongdoing against police and Crown officials.
Aug-16-1994	The Saskatchewan Deputy Minister of Justice makes public the results of the RCMP investigation and the Alberta Justice Report, concluding that there was no criminal wrongdoing nor any attempt to obstruct justice in the investigation or prosecution of David Milgaard. The full RCMP Report is later released to the public on July 12, 1995.
Jul-18-1997	The results of DNA testing conducted by the Forensic Science Service in the United Kingdom indicate that the semen found on Gail Miller's panties and dress could not have originated from David Milgaard, and that it matched Larry Fisher's DNA profile.
Jul-18-1997	The Department of Justice (Canada) states that the results of DNA testing show that a terrible wrong was done to David Milgaard by his wrongful conviction. The federal Minister of Justice expresses her sympathies and regrets to David Milgaard and his family.
Jul-18-1997	The Saskatchewan Minister of Justice states that a wrong of the most serious kind has been done to David Milgaard by the justice system, and he apologizes. He also states that the wrongful conviction will require compensation, he is considering a public inquiry, and the police investigation into the case has been reopened.
Jul-25-1997	Larry Fisher is arrested and charged with the rape and murder of Gail Miller.
Aug-19-1997	The Saskatchewan Minister of Justice announces that the Government of Saskatchewan will enter into compensation negotiations with David Milgaard for his wrongful conviction, and that a public inquiry will be held.
May-17-1999	The Saskatchewan Minister of Justice announces that a settlement has been reached with David Milgaard and his family, and that compensation will be paid in the amount of \$10 million.
Nov-22-1999	Larry Fisher is convicted of the murder of Gail Miller.
Sep-29-2003	Larry Fisher's appeal to the Saskatchewan Court of Appeal is dismissed.
Feb-18-2004	The Government of Saskatchewan orders a public inquiry into the wrongful conviction of David Milgaard.
Aug-26-2004	Larry Fisher's application for leave to appeal to the Supreme Court of Canada is dismissed.

List of Individuals Mentioned in this Report

Name	Role & Description
Alain, Patricia	Chief Scientist Serology, RCMP Central Forensic Laboratory, Ottawa, Ontario between April 1989 and July 1992. Ms. Alain provided assistance to Eugene Williams of federal Justice during David Milgaard's s. 690 applications and examined the exhibits from Gail Miller's trial during the Supreme Court Reference.
Armstrong, Celine	Albert Cadrain's sister. She was 20 years old and lived with the Cadrain family at 334 Avenue O South on January 31, 1969. She was home when David Milgaard arrived.
Asper, David	Legal counsel to David Milgaard from 1986 to June 1992.
Barber, Michael	Senior forensic scientist with the Forensic Science Service in Wetherby, United Kingdom. Mr. Barber prepared the July 18, 1997 report respecting the DNA results in the Gail Miller case.
Bartlett, Sandra	CBC investigative reporter and journalist involved in researching and investigating David Milgaard's claim of wrongful conviction in the 1980s and 1990s.
Beauchamp, Giles	Lived at 1505 – 20th Street West in 1969. He and Norman Remenda found Gail Miller's wallet in the snow in April of 1969.
Bennett, Maurice	In 1969, he was a detective with the Saskatoon Police and assisted with the Miller murder investigation by doing a house to house check on 20th Street. He also interviewed Mary Gallucci, Marie Indyk, and took Victim 12's statement on January 31, 1969.
Blake, Dr. Edward	He was designated by David Milgaard's counsel to act as his scientific representative in the testing of the Gail Miller exhibits in England in 1997.
Boyd, Neil	Professor and Director of the School of Criminology at Simon Fraser University, who co-authored a report with Kim Rossmo entitled "Milgaard v. The Queen: Finding Justice - Problems and Process" dated October 1991.
Brecelj (nee Markwart), Linda	Gail Miller's friend and roommate at 130 Avenue O South in 1969. She attended a party with Gail Miller the night before the murder.
Breckenridge, Michael	Contacted David Milgaard's legal counsel in March of 1992 alleging that he worked in the office of the Saskatchewan Attorney General and that the Fisher and Milgaard files were mishandled.
Brown, Murray	He was Appellate Counsel and Director of Appeals with the Attorney General of Saskatchewan between 1990 and 1997. He and Eric Neufeld acted as counsel for Saskatchewan Justice during the s. 690 Reference hearings before the Supreme Court of Canada in 1992.

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Name	Role & Description
Bruce, Robert	Volunteer and supporter of David Milgaard who investigated various aspects of David Milgaard's conviction in the early 1990s.
Cadrain, Barbara	Albert Cadrain's former spouse (between 1973 and 1987).
Cadrain, Albert	David Milgaard's acquaintance and traveling companion in 1969. He resided at 334 Avenue O South, Saskatoon on January 31, 1969. He provided a statement to Saskatoon City Police on March 2, 1969 indicating, among other things, that David Milgaard was in the vicinity of the crime scene on the morning of the murder and had blood on his clothes.
Cadrain, Dennis	Albert Cadrain's brother. He attended the police station with his brother, Albert, on March 2, 1969.
Cadrain, Estelle	Albert Cadrain's mother.
Cadrain, Kenneth	Albert Cadrain's brother. He lived with his family at 334 Avenue O South and was five years old in January, 1969. He was at home the morning of January 31, 1969 when David Milgaard arrived.
Caldwell, T.D.R.	Crown prosecutor at Milgaard's trial.
Campbell, (Rt. Hon) Kim	Federal Minister of Justice and Attorney General from February 23, 1990 to January 3, 1993. She was the Minister responsible for making decisions respecting David Milgaard's applications for mercy under s. 690 of the Criminal Code.
Carlyle-Gordge, Peter	Freelance journalist and writer. He worked as the Manitoba correspondent for Macleans Magazine between 1978 and 1983 and was actively involved in investigating David Milgaard's conviction with Joyce Milgaard in the early 1980s.
Charland, Anne-Elizabeth	Forensic Biologist, RCMP Central Forensic Laboratory, Ottawa, Ontario. She was a specialist in forensic application of DNA typing and testified at Larry Fisher's trial.
Chartier, Gerard (Rusty)	Member of Saskatoon Police from 1960 to 1988. In 1969, he was involved in special surveillance and was part of the National Criminal Intelligence Unit.
Corbett, William	Senior General Counsel and Acting Assistant Deputy Attorney General of Canada, Criminal Prosecutions Section, at the time of Milgaard's s. 690 applications. Eugene Williams reported to Mr. Corbett, among others.
Cressman, Beverly	He was a member of the Saskatoon Police Service between 1958 and 1990 and was in the Morality Section between 1968 and 1971. He was in charge of the rape investigation of Fisher Victim 1 in 1968 and conducted surveillance on the Miller crime scene in 1969.

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Name	Role & Description
Danchuk, Walter and Sandra	Sandra and her husband, Walter, encountered David Milgaard, Ron Wilson and Nichol John when Wilson's vehicle became stuck in the back alley behind their basement suite on 129 Avenue T South, Saskatoon on the morning of January 31, 1969.
Diewold, Henry	Caretaker at St. Mary's Church in January of 1969. On the morning of January 31, 1969 he spotted vehicle headlights facing west in the east-west portion of the T-shaped alley where Gail Miller's body was discovered.
Doell, Simon	He lived on Avenue R South in the months prior to the Miller murder. He took the 20th Street bus to work and recalled seeing a nurse riding the same bus from time to time.
Duffus, Murray	Lived on the southwest corner of 20th Street and Avenue O on January 31, 1969. He did not observe or hear anything unusual when departing for work at 6:45 a.m. on that date.
Edmondson, Thomas (Stan)	RCMP Staff Sergeant involved in assisting the Saskatoon City Police with the Gail Miller murder investigation in 1969. S/Sgt. Edmondson assisted Detective Karst with his interview of David Milgaard on March 3, 1969.
Edwards, Launa	George Lapchuk's former spouse. Ms. Edwards testified at the Supreme Court Reference.
Edwards, Peter	Toronto Star reporter and co-author of Joyce Milgaard's book, "A Mother's Story".
Elliott, Dennis	He hosted a party attended by Gail Miller and some of her roommates on January 30, 1969. He drove Gail Miller home from the party at approximately 1:15 a.m. on January 31, 1969 and saw a man sitting in a 1963 Pontiac Parisienne across from 130 Avenue O South.
Emson, Dr. Harry	Forensic pathologist who performed the autopsy on Gail Miller's body on January 31, 1969.
Fainstein, Ronald	Senior General Counsel, Litigation Sector, between 1989 and 1992. He acted for the federal Department of Justice before the Supreme Court of Canada at the s. 690 Reference hearings in 1992.
Ferris, Dr. James	Forensic pathologist who provided an opinion to David Milgaard's legal counsel in September 1988.
Fisher, Larry	Lived in the basement of the Cadrain residence at 334 Avenue O South, Saskatoon on January 31, 1969. In 1971, he was convicted of three rapes and one indecent assault committed in Saskatoon in late 1968 and early 1970. He was subsequently convicted of the murder of Gail Miller on November 22, 1999.

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Name	Role & Description
Fisher, Linda	Larry Fisher's former spouse. She lived with Larry Fisher in the basement of the Cadrain residence at 334 Avenue O South in Saskatoon in January of 1969. She provided a statement to Saskatoon Police on August 28, 1980 which cast suspicion on Larry Fisher as Gail Miller's murderer.
Fleming, Dr. Russel	Psychiatrist at the Mental Health Centre in Penetanguishene, Ontario in 1991. Retained by Eugene Williams in November of 1991 to examine Nichol John and determine whether she was suffering from any emotional or psychiatric disorder that prevented her from consciously recalling her memory of the early morning hours of January 31, 1969.
Frank, Ute	Resident of Regina in 1969 and a witness at a party in a Regina motel room where David Milgaard re-enacted the murder of Gail Miller.
Fraser, Bruce	Chief Crown Prosecutor (Calgary), Alberta Crown Prosecutor's Office between 1992 and 1994 who assisted Neil McCrank in providing legal advice to the RCMP during the "Flicker" investigation.
Gaudette, Barry	Chief Scientist, Molecular Genetics, RCMP Central Forensic Laboratory, Ottawa, Ontario. He provided assistance to federal Justice counsel respecting the possibility of DNA testing in David Milgaard's case.
Gerse, Helen	Lived at 330 Avenue O South in 1969 and found a blood-stained toque at the front of her property shortly after Gail Miller's murder.
Gifford (nee Cadrain), Rita	Albert Cadrain's sister. She lived with the Cadrain family at 334 Avenue O South in 1969 but was not at home on the morning of January 31, 1969 when David Milgaard arrived.
Goa, Elmer	Saskatoon Police Staff Sergeant and Court Officer in 1970 who assisted Ben Wolff, City Prosecutor, and swore the informations relating to Larry Fisher's 1968 and 1970 rape and indecent assault charges.
Gorgchuk, Leonard	A friend of Albert Cadrain in 1969 who was with Albert on the evening of January 30, 1969.
Graham, Bill	Executive Director of the Saskatchewan Police Commission in 1991 who conducted an investigation into the Saskatoon City Police force's retention of files relating to Larry Fisher.
Greenberg, Lawrence	Legal counsel to Larry Fisher in connection with two 1970 Manitoba sexual assaults and the four sexual assaults committed in Saskatoon in 1968 and 1970.
Gunn, Ellen	Director of Public Prosecutions, Saskatchewan Justice between 1987 and December of 1991.

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Name	Role & Description
Hall, Deborah	Witness at a 1969 party in a Regina motel room where David Milgaard re-enacted the murder of Gail Miller. Ms. Hall swore an affidavit in connection with David Milgaard's first application for mercy under s. 690 of the Criminal Code.
Harris, Robert	Witness at a 1969 party in a Regina motel room where David Milgaard re-enacted the murder of Gail Miller.
Harvard, John	Member of Parliament between 1988 and 2004 and an advocate of David Milgaard's cause.
Henderson, Paul	An investigator with Centurion Ministries Inc., a United States non-profit organization that investigates claims of wrongful conviction. He investigated David Milgaard's conviction and Larry Fisher's suspected involvement in Gail Miller's death in the early 1990s.
Hounjet, Rick	At the time of Gail Miller's murder he was eight years old and lived at 227 Avenue N South, Saskatoon. He found a knife handle in his backyard which was subsequently matched to the knife blade found at the Miller crime scene.
Huff, Lorne	He was a member of the Ft. Garry and Winnipeg Police Service between 1961 and 1987. He interviewed Larry Fisher in connection with the sexual assaults on Fisher Victims 5 and 6.
Humen, Anthony	In 1969, he regularly caught the bus at Avenue O and 20th Street in the morning. He was questioned by police respecting his activities on the morning of the murder.
Husulak, John	He drove the Pleasant Hill bus route on January 31, 1969 and provided police with information about a male construction worker with a red hard hat who was not on the bus on the morning of the murder.
Indyk, Marie	Observed two women on 20th Street and Avenue O near St. Mary's church shortly after 7 a.m. on the morning of January 31, 1969.
John, Nichol	David Milgaard's acquaintance and travelling companion on January 31, 1969.
Karp, Carl	Executive producer of news and current affairs for CBC Manitoba around the time of Milgaard's s. 690 applications. In 1991 he and Cecil Rosner co-authored a book entitled "When Justice Fails: The David Milgaard Story".
Karst, Eddie	In 1969 he was a Detective with the Saskatoon Police Service and played an active role in the Miller murder investigation after taking Albert Cadrain's statement on March 2, 1969. He interviewed David Milgaard on March 3, 1969, escorted Ron Wilson to Saskatoon in May of 1969 and took statements from Wilson on May 23 and 24, 1969. In 1970, Detective Karst interviewed Larry Fisher in Fort Garry, Manitoba.

Chapter 2 Chronology of Events and Persons Referenced in Report

Name	Role & Description
Kleiv, Thor	In 1969, he was a member of the Identification Unit of the Saskatoon Police. He attended the Miller crime scene and autopsy on January 31, 1969.
Kujawa, Serge	Director of Public Prosecutions, Department of the Attorney General of Saskatchewan (1969 to 1974). Around the same time as David Milgaard's appeal to the Saskatchewan Court of Appeal, Mr. Kujawa was involved in securing a direct indictment against Larry Fisher and prosecuting him for the sexual assaults perpetrated on Fisher Victims 1 to 4.
Kyle, David	Founding member and former Commissioner of the Criminal Cases Review Commission (UK).
Lafreniere, Bruce	He contacted Hersh Wolch in February of 1990 and provided Wolch's office with information respecting Larry Fisher.
Laing, R.D.	Chairman of the Saskatchewan Police Commission in 1991. He wrote a report respecting the Police Commission's investigation into Saskatoon City Police force's retention of files relating to Larry Fisher dated November 29, 1991.
Lamer, (Rt. Hon) Antonio	Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada during the 1992 Reference relating to David Milgaard's second application under s. 690 of the Criminal Code.
Lapchuk, George	Resident of Regina in 1969 and a witness at a party in a Regina motel room where David Milgaard re-enacted the murder of Gail Miller.
Lett, Dan	Journalist and reporter with the Winnipeg Free Press who wrote various newspaper articles on David Milgaard's efforts to obtain his release from prison.
MacFarlane, Bruce	Assistant Deputy Attorney General (Criminal Law) between 1989 and 1993 and actively involved in the consideration of David Milgaard's applications to the federal Minister of Justice under s. 690 of the Criminal Code.
MacKay, Kenneth	In 1971, Mr. MacKay was a Crown Solicitor and agent for the Attorney General for the Province of Saskatchewan.
Mackie, Raymond	In 1969 he was a Detective Sergeant with the Saskatoon Police Service. He was also the lead field investigator and officer in charge of the Miller murder investigation. He took Nichol John's May 24, 1969 statement.
Malanowich, John	In 1969, he was a Youth Sergeant with the Saskatoon Police. He was involved in the Miller murder investigation and took a statement from Sharon Williams, David Milgaard's girlfriend.

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Name	Role & Description
Marcoux, Mary	Lived at 105 Avenue N South, Saskatoon on January 31, 1969. She found Gail Miller's body on her way to school on the morning of January 31, 1969.
Markesteyn, Dr. Peter	Chief Medical Examiner for the Manitoba Department of Justice and Professor of Forensic Medicine at the University of Manitoba in 1990 who provided a report to David Asper in June of 1990 assessing the opinion of Dr. James Ferris and suggesting, among other things, that the yellowish substance collected at the crime scene in 1969 was possibly dog urine.
McCloskey, James	Founder of Centurion Ministries Inc., a United States non-profit organization that investigates claims of wrongful conviction. McCloskey made various public statements regarding David Milgaard's conviction, police conduct and Larry Fisher's responsibility for the Miller murder.
McCorrison, Gerald	Detective with the Saskatoon Police in 1969 and involved in the Miller murder investigation. On February 3, 1969, as part of a general canvass of the area near the crime scene, he interviewed Larry Fisher as a possible witness to unusual activity at the bus stop on Avenue O and 20th Street on the morning of the murder.
McCrank, Neil	Deputy Minister of Justice and Attorney General, Province of Alberta who provided assistance to the RCMP during the "Flicker" investigation. He and Bruce Fraser authored the "Report of Alberta Justice Into Allegations of Criminal Offences Arising From the David Milgaard Case" dated August 15, 1994.
McDonald, Dr. Ian	Dr. McDonald provided a post-arrest psychiatric assessment of David Milgaard in 1969 at the request of T.D.R. Caldwell. In 1972 he provided T.D.R. Caldwell with a diagnostic label of David Milgaard for the use of parole authorities.
McIntyre, (Hon) William R.	Former Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada. Mr. McIntyre was retained by the federal Department of Justice to provide his opinion respecting David Milgaard's first application for mercy under s. 690 of the Criminal Code and consulted by the federal Department of Justice with respect to David Milgaard's second s. 690 application.
McQuhae, Gary	Employed at the Belmont Texaco on 22nd Street and Avenue W in 1969. On the morning of January 31, 1969, he was dispatched on a service call to the 100 Block Avenue T South and gave a boost to Ron Wilson's 1958 Pontiac.
Melnyk, Craig	A witness at a 1969 party in a Regina motel room where David Milgaard re-enacted the murder of Gail Miller.
Merchant, Anthony	Legal counsel to David Milgaard and Joyce Milgaard from the spring of 1981 to the fall of 1984.

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Name	Role & Description
Merriman, Margaret	On January 31, 1969, she lived at 226 Avenue N South, Saskatoon (directly across from the entrance to the T-alley between Avenue O and Avenue N). She did not observe any persons or vehicles in the area while looking out her window and waiting for a taxi to arrive between 6:30 a.m. and 6:55 a.m. on the morning of the murder.
Merry, Dr. Colin	Section Head of Haematopathology and Medical Director at the school of Medical Laboratory Technology who provided a report to David Asper in 1990 stating that the possibility could not be excluded that the yellowish substance collected at the crime scene was dog urine.
Milgaard, David	Wrongfully convicted of Gail Miller's murder on January 31, 1970. His conviction was set aside and he was released from prison on April 16, 1992 following the 1992 Supreme Court of Canada Reference into his application for relief under s. 690 of the Criminal Code.
Milgaard, Joyce	David Milgaard's mother.
Miller, Gail	Lived at 130 Avenue O South, Saskatoon and was raped and murdered by Larry Fisher on January 31, 1969.
Mitchell, Robert	Minister of Justice and Attorney General of Saskatchewan between November 1991 and February 1995.
Molchanko, Victor	A Corporal with the RCMP and head of the RCMP Hair and Fibre section of the RCMP Crime Detection Laboratory in Regina in 1969. He examined certain exhibits in connection with Gail Miller's murder.
Murphy, Father	The Priest at St. Mary's Church on 20th Street West, Saskatoon between 1968 and 1973. He encouraged Albert Cadrain to apply for the reward after David Milgaard's trial.
Nordstrum, Hilmer	The officer in charge of the Morality Division of the Saskatoon Police Service in 1969 and 1970. He accompanied Detective Karst to Winnipeg to interview Larry Fisher with respect to sexual assaults committed in Saskatoon in 1968 and 1970.
Nyczai, Adeline	Gail Miller's roommate at 130 Avenue O South. She saw Gail Miller on the morning of January 31, 1969 between 6:35 a.m. and 6:45 a.m.
O'Brien, Chris	Journalist with CHAB radio in Moose Jaw in 1980 and 1981. He interviewed Deborah Hall in 1981.
Oliver, Ian	He was a Constable with the Saskatoon Police Service in 1969 who attended the Miller crime scene with Identification Officer Thor Kliev and located a knife on the stringer of a fence bordering 221 Avenue N South.
Orne, Dr. Martin	Medical Doctor and Professor of Psychiatry at the University of Pennsylvania who was retained by the federal Department of Justice to hypnotize and provide a report on Nichol John in January of 1992.

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Name	Role & Description
Pambrun, Clifford	Linda Fisher's uncle, who worked with and was friends with Larry Fisher.
Parker, John (Jack)	A detective with the Saskatoon Police Service in 1969 who, along with Detective Sergeant Reid, was among the first officers to attend the Miller crime scene on January 31, 1969. In 1980, Inspector Wagner assigned him to follow up and investigate Linda Fisher's August 28, 1980 statement.
Passet, Vernon	A Sergeant in the K-9 section of the Saskatoon Police in the period 1968 to 1970. He attended the Miller crime scene with his dog on January 31, 1969 and also investigated a section of highway with his dog in May of 1969 in search of the compact thrown out of Ron Wilson's vehicle on the way to Alberta.
Patterson, John	Inmate at the Prince Albert Penitentiary who served time with Larry Fisher.
Paynter, Bruce	Staff Sergeant in charge of the Serology Section at the RCMP Crime Detection Laboratory in Regina in 1969. He conducted tests on a number of exhibits related to the Miller murder at the request of the Saskatoon Police.
Pearson, Rick	Sergeant with the RCMP who provided investigative assistance to federal Justice, particularly Eugene Williams, in connection with David Milgaard's two applications for mercy under s. 690 of the Criminal Code in the early 1990s.
Penkala, Joseph	Lieutenant in charge of the Identification Division of the Saskatoon Police Service in 1969. He attended the Miller crime scene and autopsy on January 31, 1969 and was involved in the investigation of Gail Miller's murder thereafter. He subsequently became the Chief of Saskatoon Police Service.
Perry, Bob	Investigator with Robinson Investigations (Regina). In 1992 he was retained by the offices of Wolch, Pinx, Tapper and Scurfield to investigate and interview Michael Breckenridge.
Perry, Dr. Campbell	Professor of Psychology, Concordia University. He was retained by Eugene Williams, federal Department of Justice to review the methodology and assess the results of Dr. Lee Pulos' hypnosis of Nichol John.
Poitras, Arnold	He provided information to Bruce Lafreniere regarding Larry Fisher.
Pulos, Lee	Psychologist retained by Eugene Williams of the federal Department of Justice to hypnotize and conduct an interview of Nichol John in 1991.

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Name	Role & Description
Quinn, John	Inspector with the Saskatoon City Police in 1990 who provided assistance to Eugene Williams and Sergeant Rick Pearson with respect to David Milgaard's first s. 690 application. In 1991, he was assigned as the officer in charge of locating the missing files relating to Larry Fisher.
Rasmussen, Edwin	In 1969 he was a Corporal with the RCMP and provided investigative assistance to the Saskatoon Police Service in the Miller murder investigation.
Rasmussen, Robert	Manager of the Trav-a-Leer Motel where David Milgaard attended and asked him for directions on January 31, 1969.
Reid, George	A Detective Sergeant with the Saskatoon Police Service in 1969 and was among the first officers to attend the Miller crime scene on January 31, 1969. He was one of the senior officers involved in the Miller murder investigation.
Remenda, Norman	Lived at 224 Avenue N South and was 12 years old in January 1969. He and Giles Beauchamp found Gail Miller's wallet in April of 1969.
Renaud, Roger	In 1968 and 1969 he was a field manager for MacLean Hunter magazines. He hired David Milgaard to work as a magazine salesman in late 1968.
Riddell, J.A.B.	Inspector in charge of the RCMP's Investigation Branch in Regina in 1969 who assisted the Saskatoon Police with the Miller murder investigation, including conducting interviews of Wilson and John in March of 1969. He also attended a meeting on May 16, 1969 with various members of the Saskatoon Police.
Roberts, Art	In 1969 he was an Inspector and polygraph operator with the Calgary Police Service. He came to Saskatoon in May of 1969 at the request of the Saskatoon Police and conducted an interrogation and polygraph of Ron Wilson and an interrogation of Nichol John.
Roberts, David	Journalist and reporter with the Globe and Mail who wrote various newspaper articles on a number of issues relating to David Milgaard's efforts to obtain his release from prison.
Robinson, Michael	Former officer and National Polygraph Coordinator for the RCMP. After retirement from the RCMP, he was a private investigator with Robinson Investigations and attempted to conduct a polygraph test on Larry Fisher in 1990.
Rodin, Greg	Lawyer with the law firm of Wolch, Pinx, Tapper and Scurfield who began assisting Hersh Wolch on the Milgaard file after David Asper left the practise of law in June 1992.

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Name	Role & Description
Rossmo, D. Kim	Professor of Criminology and retired police officer. In 1991, he and Neil Boyd co-authored a report entitled “Milgaard v. The Queen: Finding Justice - Problems and Process” dated October 1991.
Sargent, Syd	On January 31, 1969 on his way home from work, he was turning onto 20th St. and saw a young woman dressed like a nurse standing down the south side of the block and a man staggering down the street between 7:00 a.m. to 7:05 a.m. At the Inquiry, he identified the woman as Gail Miller.
Sawatsky, Murray	Officer in charge of the RCMP’s investigation team assembled in late 1992 to investigate allegations of wrongdoing against members of the Saskatoon City Police and Saskatchewan Department of Justice (i.e., the “Flicker” investigation).
Shannon, Howard	Assistant Manager, Prairie Region, for MacLean-Hunter Magazine in 1969. In 1981, he provided funds to Joyce and David Milgaard to retain Tony Merchant as their legal counsel.
Short, Charles	Lieutenant in charge of the Detectives Division of the Saskatoon Police Service in 1969. He performed a supervisory function in connection with the Gail Miller murder investigation and was involved in interviews of Albert and Dennis Cadrain, Ron Wilson and Nichol John in March of 1969.
Simington, William	Sergeant with the Shellbrook detachment of the RCMP. Bruce Lafreniere claimed that he made a report to officer Simington regarding Larry Fisher and the Miller murder at the Shellbrook detachment of the RCMP in 1986.
Spence, Leslie	Gail Miller’s boyfriend in January of 1969.
Stadnyk, Bobbi	An acquaintance of Ron Wilson, George Lapchuk, Craig Melnyk and Launa Edwards.
Tallis, (Hon.) Calvin F.	Former Justice of the Saskatchewan Court of Appeal. He was David Milgaard’s defence counsel during his preliminary inquiry, trial and appeal to the Saskatchewan Court of Appeal.
Tisbury, Gary	Sergeant with the RCMP in Nakusp, B.C. who assisted Eugene Williams with witness interviews conducted in British Columbia.
Ullrich, Elmer	The Case Preparation Officer for the Saskatoon Police Service. He was the Case Preparation officer for the Miller murder file.
Valila, Harry	An officer in the Morality Division of the Saskatoon Police in 1969. He assisted with the Miller murder investigation and was aware of some information relating to the sexual assaults perpetrated by Larry Fisher in Saskatoon in 1968 and 1970.

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Name	Role & Description
Vanin, Thomas	An officer with the Saskatoon City Police who provided internal police information to Hersh Wolch, David Asper, Joyce Milgaard, Paul Henderson and members of the media in the early 1990s.
Wagner, Kenneth	An Inspector with the Saskatoon Police who took Linda Fisher's statement on August 28, 1980.
Walters, Kenneth	In 1969, he was a Constable in the Youth Section of the Criminal Investigations Division of the Regina City Police, and was familiar with Ron Wilson, Nichol John, David Milgaard, George Lapchuk, Craig Melnyk, Ute Frank and Barbara Berard.
Weir, Stanley (Gus)	In 1969 and 1970, he was a Morality Officer with the Saskatoon Police Service. He was also the officer in charge of the Fisher Victim 4 rape investigation.
Williams, Eugene	Lawyer, federal Department of Justice. He was assigned to investigate and assess David Milgaard's applications for mercy under s. 690 of the Criminal Code between 1989 and 1992.
Williams, Sharon	David Milgaard's girlfriend in 1968. She met with David Milgaard and his travelling companions (Ron Wilson, Nichol John and Albert Cadrain) in St. Albert, Alberta on February 1, 1969.
Wilson, Ronald	One of David Milgaard's acquaintances and travelling companions on the trip to Saskatoon and Alberta on January 31, 1969. He testified against David Milgaard at his trial in 1970 and subsequently recanted some of his incriminating testimony in 1990.
Wilson, Shirley	Ron Wilson's mother.
Wilton, David	Constable with the Saskatoon Police in 1969 who assisted in the Gail Miller murder investigation and took a report from Syd Sargent.
Wispirski, Barbara	Nichol John's friend and confidant in 1969.
Wood, John	In 1969, he was the Superintendent of the Criminal Investigations Division of the Saskatoon Police who performed an administrative and oversight function in the Miller murder investigation.
Wright, Bryan	Linda Fisher's former common-law spouse (1975 to 1983). He drove Linda to the police station on August 28, 1980.
Young, Gary	Legal counsel to Joyce and David Milgaard in the early 1980's.

Individuals Mentioned in this Report Whose Names are Protected for Reasons of Privacy

A number of sexual assault victims testified during the Commission's public hearings and I received their testimony subject to a publication ban which barred the media from reporting names and personal information which might identify them. In addition, a number of documents relating to certain assault victims were exhibited before me during the course of the public hearings and, consequently, I ordered that the names of the victims listed in those documents also be subject to a ban on publication.

In order to ensure the continued privacy of these victims, the Commission has ascribed an alpha-numerical identifier and shortened acronym to each that will be used throughout this Report. Victims that were assaulted by Larry Fisher have been given an alpha-numeric identifier that begins with the prefix "Fisher" or "FV". Victims of unknown assailants are simply identified as "Victim" or "V". I will use the full identifier or its shortened acronym interchangeably throughout the Report where the context requires me to do so.

Two charts describing the alpha-numeric identifiers associated with the assault victims and the basic details of their respective assaults are listed below.

Fisher Victims

Fisher Victim Identifier	Date of Assault	Location of Assault
Fisher Victim 1 (FV1)	October 21, 1968	Near 18th Street between Avenues G and H, Saskatoon.
Fisher Victim 2 (FV2)	November 13, 1968	Near 18th Street between Avenues E and F, Saskatoon.
Fisher Victim 3 (FV3)	November 29, 1968	Near Wiggins Avenue and Temperance Street, Saskatoon.
Fisher Victim 4 (FV4)	February 21, 1970	200 Block, Avenue V South, Saskatoon.
Fisher Victim 5 (FV5)	August 2, 1970	Ft. Garry, Manitoba.
Fisher Victim 6 (FV6)	September 19, 1970	Ft. Garry, Manitoba.
Fisher Victim 7 (FV7)	March 31, 1980	North Battleford, Saskatchewan.

Victims of Unknown Assailants

Other Victim Identifier	Date of Assault	Location of Assault
Victim 8 (V8)	May 14, 1968	Bird's Point Resort near Round Lake, Saskatchewan.
Victim 9 (V9)	Late 1968	Back lane of 2018 20th Street, Saskatoon
Victim 10 (V10)	January 15, 1969	100 Block Avenue Q between 21st and 22nd Street, Saskatoon.
Victim 11 (V11)	January 15 or 22, 1969	Near Lindsay Place, Saskatoon.
Victim 12 (V12)	January 31, 1969	Avenue H between 20th and 21st Street, Saskatoon.
Victim 13 (V13)	February 3, 1969	Near 1700 Block 20th Street and Avenue S, Saskatoon.